(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 28th February 2014)

IN THIS POLICY, THE INVESTMENT RISK IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO IS BORNE BY THE POLICYHOLDER.

# Investment Report

The month of February 2014 saw the benchmark indices; BSE Sensex and CNX Nifty gain around 2.96% and 3.08% respectively, even as the Mid-cap index, CNX Mid-cap gained 3.52% during the same period.

# **Equity Funds**

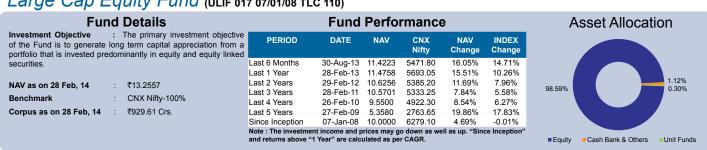
# Equity Fund (ULIF 001 04/02/04 TEL 110)

Fund Details		Fund	Perfo	rmance	<b>)</b>		Asset Allocation
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in equity and equity linked	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	S&P BSE Sensex	NAV Change	INDEX Change	
securities.	Last 6 Months Last 1 Year	30-Aug-13 28-Feb-13	32.4111 32.7273	18619.72 18861.54	14.81% 13.70%	13.43% 11.97%	
NAV as on 28 Feb, 14       : ₹37.2109         Benchmark       : S&P BSE Sensex - 100%         Corpus as on 28 Feb, 14       : ₹2,065.78 Crs.	Last 2 Years Last 3 Years Last 4 Years Last 5 Years	29-Feb-12 28-Feb-11 26-Feb-10 27-Feb-09	30.7411 31.4267 28.6775 15.8140	17752.68 17823.40 16429.55 8891.61	10.02% 5.79% 6.73% 18.67%	9.07% 5.82% 6.48% 18.89%	0.54% 0.09%
	Since Inception Note : The investmen and returns above "1				14.04% Il as up. "Sind	13.75% ce Inception"	■Equity ■Unit Funds ■Cash Bank & Others

# Whole I ife Mid-Can Fauity Fund (ULIF 009 04/01/07 WLF 110)

Fund Details		Fund	Perfo	rmance	)		Asset Allocation
Investment Objective : The primary investment object of the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from portfolio that is invested predominantly in Mid Cap Equity and	n a PERIOD	DATE	NAV	NSE CNX MIDCAP	NAV Change	INDEX Change	
Cap Equity linked securities.	Last 6 Months	30-Aug-13	13.9771	6589.80	20.24%	18.44%	
	Last 1 Year	28-Feb-13	14.7890	7540.35	13.64%	3.51%	1000
NAV as on 28 Feb, 14 : ₹16.8065	Last 2 Years	29-Feb-12	13.3025	7705.60	12.40%	0.64%	1.31%
Benchmark : NSE CNX MIDCAP-100%	Last 3 Years	28-Feb-11	12.6396	7370.10	9.96%	1.93%	
	Last 4 Years	26-Feb-10	11.9147	7167.25	8.98%	2.15%	98.26%
Corpus as on 28 Feb, 14 : ₹1,529.60 Crs.	Last 5 Years	27-Feb-09	5.9040	3175.70	23.27%	19.70%	
	Since Inception	08-Jan-07	10.0000	5156.45	7.54%	5.97%	
	Note : The investme and returns above "				II as up. "Sin	ce Inception"	■Equity ■Cash Bank & Others Unit Funds

### Large Cap Equity Fund (ULIF 017 07/01/08 TLC 110)



# Future Equity Pension Fund (ULIF 020 04/02/08 FEP 110)

Fund Details		Fund	Perfo	rmance	)		P	Asset All	ocation
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in equity and equity linked	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	CNX Nifty	NAV Change	INDEX Change			
securities.  NAV as on 28 Feb, 14 : ₹14.3139  Benchmark : CNX Nifty-100%  Corpus as on 28 Feb, 14 : ₹198.10 Crs.	Last 6 Months Last 1 Year Last 2 Years Last 3 Years Last 4 Years Last 5 Years Since Inception Note: The investment and returns above "				14.51% 12.13% 8.74% 5.80% 7.22% 19.12% 6.09%	14.71% 10.26% 7.96% 5.58% 6.27% 17.83% 2.31% ce Inception"	98.10%	■ Unit Funds	1.43% 0.47%

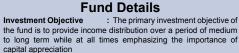
# Select Equity Fund (ULIF 024 06/10/08 TSE 110)

Ocicot Equity	1 arra (OLIF 024 06/10	/06 ISE IIU	')					
Fund	d Details		Fu	nd Pe	formance			Asset Allocation
the fund is to provide income	<ul> <li>The primary investment objective of distribution over a period of medium emphasizing the importance of capital</li> </ul>	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	CNX India 500 Shariah Index	NAV Change	INDEX Change	
appreciation. The fund will	invest significant amount in equity	Last 6 Months	30-Aug-13	18.8868	1369.32	14.14%	12.38%	
and equity linked instrument	ts specifically excluding companies	Last 1 Year	28-Feb-13	18.5010	1328.61	16.52%	15.82%	
predominantly dealing in Ga	ambling, Lotteries/Contests, Animal	Last 2 Years	29-Feb-12	17.2317	1273.24	11.85%	9.94%	
Produce, Liquor, Tobacco, El Banks and Financial Institutio		Last 3 Years Last 4 Years	28-Feb-11 26-Feb-10		1241.55 1206.40	8.71% 8.84%	7.42% 6.27%	93.15%
NAV as on 28 Feb, 14	: ₹21.5572	Last 5 Years Since Inception	27-Feb-09 06-Oct-08		626.44 844.46	16.97% 15.29%	19.69% 11.75%	6.85%
Benchmark	: CNX India 500 Shariah Index - 100%	Note : The investment returns above "1 Y			y go down as well as CAGR.	up. "Since In	ception" and	Equity Cash Bank & Others (Non Interest Bearing)
Corpus as on 28 Feb, 14	: ₹212.50 Crs.							



(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 28th February 2014)

### Super Select Equity Fund (ULIF 035 16/10/09 TSS 110)



NAV as on 28 Feb. 14

· ₹14 0878

CNX India 500 Shariah Index - 100%

Corpus as on 28 Feb. 14 : ₹654.35 Crs

### PERIOD DATE Change Change Shariah Index 30-Aug-13 12.3348 1369.32 14.21% 12.38% Last 6 Months Last 1 Year 28-Feb-13 12.0303 1328.61 17.10% 15.82% Last 2 Years 29-Feb-12 11.3377 1273.24 11 47% 9.94% 8.59% 7.42% Last 3 Years 28-Feb-11 11.0033 1241.55 26-Feb-10 10.0827 1206.40 8.72% 6.27% Last 4 Years Since Inception 16-Oct-09 10.0000 1217.76 8.15% 5.50% Note : The investment income and prices may go do returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR up. "Since I

**Fund Performance** 



■Equity ■Cash Bank & Others (Non Interest Bearing)

Asset Allocation

### Top 200 Fund (ULIF 027 12/01/09 ITT 110)

### **Fund Details** Investment Objective The Top 200 fund will invest primarily in select stocks and equity linked instruments which are a part of BSE 200 Index with a focus on generating long term capital appreciation. The fund will not replicate the index but aim to attain performance better than the performance of the Index. As a defensive strategy arising out of market conditions, the scheme may also invest in debt and money market instruments.

NAV as on 28 Feb, 14 Benchmark

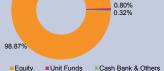
₹21.5312 : S&P BSE 200 - 100%

Corpus as on 28 Feb, 14

: ₹175.51 Crs.



**Fund Performance** 



## Balanced Funds

### Aggressive Growth Fund (ULIF 006 01/07/06 TAL 110)

**Investment Objective** : The primary investment objective of the fund is to maximize the returns with medium to high risk

NAV as on 28 Feb, 14

₹17.8562

Benchmark

S&P BSE Sensex - 65%, CRISIL Composite Bond Index - 35%

Corpus as on 28 Feb, 14

: ₹223.21 Crs.

### NAV INDEX Last 6 Months 30-Aug-13 15.8852 12.41% 10 43% Last 1 Year 28-Feb-13 16 6187 7 45% 8 95% 15.6681 6.75% 8.05% Last 2 Years 29-Feb-12 Last 3 Years 28-Feb-11 15.3352 5.20% 6.18% Last 4 Years 26-Feb-10 14.2889 5.73% 6.45% Last 5 Years 27-Feb-09 9.4600 13.55% 14.36% Since Inception 01-.lul-06 10.0000 7 85% 8 31% Note: The investment income and prices may go dov returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR. as well as up. "Since Inception" and

**Fund Performance** 



## Whole Life Aggressive Growth Fund (ULIF 010 04/01/07 WLA 110)

### **Fund Details** Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of

the fund is to maximize the returns with medium to high risk.

NAV as on 28 Feb. 14 Benchmark

₹17.4236 Nifty - 65%

CRISIL Composite Bond

Corpus as on 28 Feb. 14

₹365.87 Crs.

PERIOD	DATE	NAV	NAV Change	INDEX Change
Last 6 Months	30-Aug-13	15.4806	12.55%	11.26%
Last 1 Year	28-Feb-13	15.9356	9.34%	7.83%
Last 2 Years	29-Feb-12	14.7250	8.78%	7.32%
Last 3 Years	28-Feb-11	14.2406	6.96%	6.03%
Last 4 Years	26-Feb-10	13.0083	7.58%	6.31%
Last 5 Years	27-Feb-09	8.7570	14.75%	13.67%
Since Inception	08-Jan-07	10.0000	8.08%	6.62%
Note: The investme		orices may go down a	as well as up. "Sir	nce Inception" and

**Fund Performance** 



### Fixed Income Funds

# Whole Life Income Fund (ULIF 012 04/01/07 WLI 110)

Fund Details
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective
of the Fund is to generate income through investing in a range of debt and money market instruments of various maturities with a view to maximizing the optimal balance between yield, safety
and liquidity. The Fund will have no investments in equity or equity linked instruments at any point in time.

Corpus as on 28 Feb, 14

NAV as on 28 Feb. 14 Benchmark

₹16 0341

CRISIL Composite Bond Index -100%

₹237.77 Crs

Last 6 Months 30-Aug-13 15.3761 1923.46 4.28% 4.86% Last 1 Year 28-Feb-13 15.4282 1951.91 3.93% 3.33% Last 2 Years 29-Feb-12 13.9581 1790.26 7.18% 6.14% 28-Feb-11 12.7038 Last 3 Years 1653.11 8.07% 6.85% Last 4 Years 26-Feb-10 12.0326 1574.18 7.44% 6.39% Last 5 Years 27-Feb-09 11.2700 1510.38 7.31% 5.95% Since Inception 08-Jan-07 10.0000 1298.79 6.83% 6.35% Note : The investment income and prices may go down as well as up. "Since Inception" and returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR.

**Fund Performance** 

Asset All	ocation
30.47%	10.36%
	7.44% 2.35%
	49.38%
Government Securities CD/CP's Cash Bank & Others	■Corporate Bonds ■Unit Funds



(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 28th February 2014)

## Whole Life Short Term Fixed Income Fund (ULIF 013 04/01/07 WLF 110)



### Guaranteed NAV Funds

The fund would be predominantly invested in equity at inception, wherein the dynamic asset allocation mechanism allocates the portfolio between equity and debt. This dynamic asset allocation is based on the performance of equity markets and movements in interest rates. The equity allocation may be reallocated to debt if the equity markets or interest rates fall, to safeguard the guarantee.

Overtime, the asset mix will predominantly shift to debt to protect the guarantee. This dynamic asset allocation process will drive the returns generated by the Apex Return Lock-in Fund. The dynamic asset allocation shifts the allocation of the fund from an equity bias to a debt bias, overtime. This would mean that the Guaranteed NAV would not mimic the highest level of the equity market , over the period the guarantee is applicable. Any unexpected and sharp falls in equity market and/or interestrates, during the period the guarantee is applicable, may trigger the allocation to completely move towards debt, to protect the highest NAV achieved prior to the fall. Overall, it is an ideal fund for an investor who wants to take advantage of high returns in a positive market scenario while safe-guarding the investment during any downturn.

### APEX Return Lock-In Fund (ULIF 032 18/02/09 ARL 110)

### **Fund Details Fund Performance** Asset Allocation Investment Objective : The investment objective for Apex Return Lock-in Fund is to use the participation in an actively managed well diversified equity portfolio of large cap companies to generate capital appreciation and use high credit quality debt Last 6 Months 30-Aug-13 12.4520 9.95% 43.52% 28-Feb-13 12.5713 Last 1 Year 8.91% instruments to lock-in that capital appreciation. The initial asset allocation in equities is targeted at 80% to 100%. Last 2 Year 29-Feb-12 11.6543 8.39% Last 3 Year 28-Feb-11 11.4049 6.28% The highest NAV recorded : on reset date ₹13.6039 Last 4 Year 26-Feb-10 10.6042 6.60% Since Inception 10-Jun-09 10.0000 6.88% Corpus as on 28 Feb, 14 ₹322.86 Crs. Note: The investment income and prices may go down as well a and returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR. ince Ince ■Equity ■Corporate Bonds ■Cash Bank & Others

### APEX Return Lock-In Fund II (ULIF 033 03/08/09 AR2 110)

Fund	Details		Fund Perf	ormance		Asset Allo	cation
Return Lock-in Fund II is to us	The investment objective for Apex se the participation in an actively		DATE	NAV	NAV Change	40.40%	
	portfolio of large cap companies		30-Aug-13	11.6782	10.81%	40.40%	
	and use high credit quality debt		28-Feb-13	11.7780	9.88%		
allocation in equities is targeted	tal appreciation. The initial asset	Last 2 Year	29-Feb-12	10.8726	9.10%		5.56%
	at 80% to 100%.	Last 3 Year	28-Feb-11	10.6464	6.72%		
The highest NAV recorded :	<b>340 0447</b>	Last 4 Year	26-Feb-10	9.8489	7.06%		
on reset date	₹12.8117	Since Inception	10-Nov-09	10.0000	6.17%		
Corpus as on 28 Feb, 14 :	₹230.06 Crs.	Note: The investment and returns above "1			up. "Since Inception"	■Equity ■Corporate Bonds	54.04%  Cash Bank & Others

### Apex Plus Return Lock-in-Fund (ULIF 047 01/02/10 RA1 110)

Investment Objective : The in- Plus Return Lock-in Fund is to use the managed well diversified equity portfe to generate capital appreciation and u- instruments to lock-in that capital ap- allocation in equities is targeted at 80%	olio of large cap companies use high credit quality debt preciation. The initial asset	PERIOD  Last 6 Months  Last 1 Year	30-Aug-13 28-Feb-13	NAV 11.1848 11.3510	NAV Change 11.40% 9.77%	32.58%
to generate capital appreciation and instruments to lock-in that capital ap	use high credit quality debt preciation. The initial asset	Last 1 Year	28-Feb-13			
	6 to 100%.	Last 2 Year	29-Feb-12	10.5740	8.55%	5.20%
he highest NAV recorded :	2.3621		28-Feb-11 10-May-10 tincome and prices ma		6.30% 5.95% up. "Since Inception"	3.20 N
Corpus as on 28 Feb, 14 : ₹126	6.13 Crs.	and returns above "1	Year" are calculated a	is per CAGR.		62.23%

### **Equity Outlook**

The month of February 2014 saw the benchmark indices; BSE Sensex and CNX Nifty gain around 2.96% and 3.08% respectively, even as the Mid-cap index, CNX Mid-cap gained 3.52% during the same period.

FIIs were net buyers with inflows of around USD 0.23 billion in the month of February 2014 and the DIIs were net buyers to the tune of around USD 0.04 billion, with Insurance companies' net buyers of around USD 0.24 billion and domestic mutual funds, net sellers to the extent of around USD 0.20 billion over the same period. In the first two months of the calendar year 2014, the FIIs had been net buyers to the tune of USD 0.35 billion with the DIIs net sellers to the tune of USD 0.2 billion, Insurance companies buying USD 0.4 billion and mutual funds selling Indian equities to the tune of USD 0.6 billion. Consensus earnings estimates for MSCI India stands at 9.1% and 18.1% for FY 2014(E) and FY 2015(E) respectively.

The third quarter FY 2014 earnings season saw robust results, with the companies in the BSE Sensex clocking a revenue growth of 15% year on year, the



(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 28th February 2014)

highest in last six quarters, while the PAT growth on a year on year basis was at an impressive 21%, highest in last 13 quarters. The rebound in the earnings have been on the back of a moderate recovery in the global economy leading to a traction in the export sectors benefiting from the INR depreciation. However, there was continued sluggishness in the capex cycle and further slowdown in consumption. Revenue for the industrial sector declined for the second consecutive quarter even as Healthcare and IT sectors saw a sharp acceleration in revenue in the last few quarters on the back of a weak INR.

Revenue growth, margins and profit growth has accelerated for large-cap companies in the past couple of quarters even as it has contracted for smaller companies.

The 900 MHz and 1800 MHz auction concluded after 68 rounds with ₹ 609.4 billion in spectrum value, resulting in the government receiving an upfront payment of ₹ 182.2 billion under the deferred payment method. The auction saw a high level of competitive intensity with the auction prices in the 1800 MHz and 900 MHz ending 84% and 29% above the reserve price. The enthusiastic response to the auctions from the telecom companies was largely due to its technology-neutral characteristics, which would enable their 3G rollout plans.

Credit growth remained modest at 14.8% year on year in January 2014 driven by large corporate and services sector. Deposit growth has been stable at 15.6% year on year with the credit to deposit ratio at 77%.

There was some movement in the stalled projects over the last seven months as the Project Management Group (PMG) has cleared 147 projects worth ₹ 5.4 trillion. Most of the clearances have been for power plants delayed due to to pending Fuel supply agreements (FSAs). The clearances of PMG could trigger some action on the ground and bring in new orders for Corporate India.

The Indian equity market would continue to be dependent on FII flows, which in turn take cues from the US Fed's QE taper action. The FIIs would be inclined to wait for the outcome of the Indian general elections before committing significant allocations to Indian equities.

We continue to believe that the Indian equities offer an attractive entry point for a long term investor with a 3-5 year view.

### **Debt Outlook**

February 2014 saw the new benchmark 10 year Government securities (G-sec) harden by around 9 bps during the month to 8.86% levels. The spread of 10 year G-sec over the 30 year G-sec was at 36 bps in February 2014.

The corporate bonds hardened during February 2014 to close the month at around 9.70% levels in the 10 year bonds, 7 bps higher than the January 2014 levels of 9.63%. As a consequence, the corporate bond spread over the new benchmark 10 year G-sec contracted by 4 bps over the month to around 62 bps in February 2014.

The Finance Minister has pegged the FY 2014 fiscal deficit at 4.6% as against the target of 4.8%. The market watchers expect the fiscal deficit target to be met through a sharp reduction in the plan expenditure in order to offset the shortfall in tax collections due to a moderating economy. The fixed income market participants are relieved that the government would meet its targeted fiscal deficit considering that historically, overshooting the fiscal deficit targets were a routine in a pre-election year. The net borrowing target for FY 2014 has been reduced by ₹ 150 billion as against the initial estimates, on account of a lower revised estimate of the fiscal deficit.

The vote-on-account has budgeted 8% increase in non-plan expenditure and an ambitious 19% growth in gross tax revenue on the back of an elevated nominal GDP growth estimate of 13.4% in FY 2015. Consequently, the fiscal deficit is estimated at 4.1% of the GDP in FY 2015, resulting in a net borrowing of ₹ 4.57 trillion. The gross market borrowing figure of ₹ 5.97 trillion and the debt switch of ₹ 500 billion worth in FY 2015 is largely in line with market expectations. The cautious response from the debt market to the government borrowing estimates stems from the fact that this is an interim budget and there is a possibility that the full-year market borrowing could change in the budget presented post the general elections.

The interim budget has provided for a capital infusion of just ₹ 112 billion in public sector bank for fiscal FY 2015, lower than ₹ 140 billion in the prior year as the banks would be expected to raise the additional capital requirement on their own.

In a clear reflection of the monetary policy stance, the RBI maintains that inflation management remained its prime objective and that a tight monetary policy was necessary to contain inflation expectations and sustain growth in the long term. The RBI is concerned about the elevated core CPI inflation and is keen to moderate the trajectory of the CPI inflation in line with the Urjit Patel committee recommendations.

Bond yields have remained at elevated levels primarily taking cues from the RBIs anti-inflationary stance and tight liquidity conditions resulting in weak sentiments for the bond markets.

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