# Quick Glance - Funds Performance (Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 31st July 2012)

IN THIS POLICY, THE INVESTMENT RISK IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO IS BORNE BY THE POLICYHOLDER.

# Message from CIO's Desk

The month of July 2012 saw the benchmark indices, BSE Sensex and CNX Nifty shed 1.11% and 0.95% respectively even as the Mid-cap index CNX Midcap lost 2.49% during the same period.

Saravana Kumar Chief Investment Officer

### Equity Fund (ULIF 001 04/02/04 TEL 110)

# Equity Funds

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Fund Details		Fund	Perfo	rmance	)		Asset Allocation	
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in equity and equity linked	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	BSE Sensex	NAV Change	INDEX Change		
securities	Last 6 Months	31-Jan-12	29.6195	17193.55	1.33%	0.25%	0.66%	
	Last 1 Year	29-Jul-11	32.4385	18197.20	-7.48%	-5.28%	1.03%	
Fund Manager : Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 2 Years	30-Jul-10	32.2569	17868.29	-3.54%	-1.78%	4.41%	
NAV as on 31 July, 12 : ₹30,0129	Last 3 Years	31-Jul-09	26.8350	15670.31	3.80%	3.23%	93.69%	
	Last 4 Years	31-Jul-08	26.0850	14355.75	3.57%	4.68%		
Benchmark : BSE Sensex - 100%	Last 5 Years	31-Jul-07	30.4330	15550.99	-0.28%	2.08%		
Corpus as on 31 July, 12 : ₹2594.85 Crs.	Since Inception	02-Mar-04	10.0000	5823.17	13.94%	13.76%		
	Note : The investment and returns above ""			Equity Unit Funds CD/CP's Cash Bank & Others				

## Whole Life Mid-Cap Equity Fund (ULIF 009 04/01/07 WLE 110)

Fund Details		Fund	Perfo	rmance	•		Asset Allocation
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in Mid Cap Equity and Mid Cap	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	NSE CNX MIDCAP	NAV Change	INDEX Change	88.24%
Equity linked securities.	Last 6 Months Last 1 Year	31-Jan-12 29-Jul-11	12.5780 13.8498	7100.55 8017.35	6.73% -3.07%	0.96% -10.59%	5.75%
Fund Manager : Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 2 Years	30-Jul-10	13.8923	8415.30	-1.70%	-7.70%	2.97%
NAV as on 31 July, 12 : ₹13.4248	Last 3 Years	31-Jul-09	10.2840	5950.20	9.29%	6.41%	1.68%
Benchmark : NSE CNX MIDCAP-100%	Last 4 Years	31-Jul-08	10.1280	5536.95	7.30%	6.67%	1.36%
	Last 5 Years	31-Jul-07	11.9100	6177.70	2.42%	3.02%	
Corpus as on 31 July, 12 : ₹1791.09 Crs.	Since Inception	08-Jan-07	10.0000	5156.45	5.44%	6.10%	Equity Unit Funds
	Note : The investmen and returns above "1			CD/CP's Fixed Deposit			

# Large Cap Equity Fund (ULIF 017 07/01/08 TLC 110)

Fund Details		Fund	Perfo	rmance			Asset Allocation		
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in equity linked	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	S&P CNX Nifty	NAV Change	INDEX Change			
securities.	Last 6 Months Last 1 Year	31-Jan-12 29-Jul-11	10.2167 10.9588	5199.25 5482.00	3.17% -3.81%	0.57% -4.62%	0.74%		
Fund Manager : Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 2 Years	30-Jul-10	10.6060	5367.60	-0.31%	-1.30%	1.72%		
NAV as on 31 July, 12 : ₹10.5408	Last 3 Years Last 4 Years	31-Jul-09 31-Jul-08	8.8260 8.2260	4636.45 4332.95	6.10% 6.39%	4.09% 4.81%	6.49%		
Benchmark : S&P CNX Nifty-100%	Since Inception	07-Jan-08		6279.10	1.16%	-3.93%	91.05%		
Corpus as on 31 July, 12 : ₹847.65 Crs.	Note : The investment and returns above "1			Equity Unit Funds Cash Bank & Others CD/CP's					

# Future Equity Pension Fund (ULIF 020 04/02/08 FEP 110)

Fund Details		Fund		Asset Allocation			
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in equity and equity linked	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	S&P CNX Nifty	NAV Change	INDEX Change	
securities.	Last 6 Months	31-Jan-12	11.6384	5199.25	0.77%	0.57%	
	Last 1 Year	29-Jul-11	12.4935	5482.00	-6.13%	-4.62%	
Fund Manager : Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 2 Years	30-Jul-10	12.1513	5367.60	-1.76%	-1.30%	1.32%
NAV as on 31 July, 12 : ₹11.7278	Last 3 Years	31-Jul-09	10.0070	4636.45	5.43%	4.09%	3.30%
	Last 4 Years	31-Jul-08	9.1110	4332.95	6.52%	4.81%	
Benchmark : S&P CNX Nifty-100%	Since Inception	04-Feb-08	10.0000	5463.50	3.61%	-0.97%	
Corpus as on 31 July, 12 : ₹212.09 Crs.	Note : The investmen and returns above "1		Equity Elloit Euroda Ecoch Book % (				

### Select Equity Fund (ULIF 024 06/10/08 TSE 110)

Fund Details		Fu	nd Pe	rformance			Asset Allocation		
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the fund is to provide income distribution over a period of medium to long term while at all times emphasizing the importance of capital	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	S & P India 500 Shariah Index	NAV Change	INDEX Change	90.83%		
appreciation. The fund will invest significant amount in equity	Last 6 Months	31-Jan-12	16.5919	1214.33	2.95%	0.12%			
and equity linked instruments specifically excluding companies	Last 1 Year	29-Jul-11	17.7502	1275.35	-3.77%	-4.67%			
predominantly dealing in Gambling, Lotteries/Contests, Animal	Last 2 Years	30-Jul-10	17.0684	1298.75	0.04%	-3.24%			
Produce, Liquor, Tobacco, Entertainment (Films, TV etc) Hotels,	Last 3 Years	31-Jul-09	13.9520	1104.92	6.98%	3.24%			
Banks and Financial Institutions.	Since Inception	06-Oct-08	10.0000	844.46	15.05%	10.01%			
Fund Manager : Mr. Saravana Kumar NAV as on 31 July, 12 : ₹17.0807	Manager : Mr. Saravana Kumar Note : The investment income and prices may go down as well as up. "Since Inception" and returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR.								
•							Equity Cash Bank & Others (Non interest bearing)		
Benchmark : S & P India 500 Shariah Index - 100%									
Corpus as on 31 July, 12 : ₹200.76 Crs.									



95.38%

Other

## Super Select Equity Fund (ULIF 035 16/10/09 TSS 110)

Fund Details		Fu	nd Pe	rformance			Asset Allocation
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the fund is to provide income distribution over a period of medium to long term while at all times emphasizing the importance of	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	S & P India 500 Shariah Index	NAV Change	INDEX Change	88.70%
capital appreciation	Last 6 Months Last 1 Year	31-Jan-12 29-Jul-11		1214.33 1275.35	2.05% -4.05%	0.12% -4.67%	11.30%
Fund Manager : Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 2 Years	30-Jul-10	11.1416	1298.75	0.02%	-3.24%	
NAV as on 31 July, 12 : ₹11.1458	Since Inception	16-Oct-09	10.0000	1217.76	3.96%	-0.06%	
	Note : The investm returns above "1 Y			ay go down as well as r CAGR.	up. "Since In	ception" and	
Corpus as on 31 July, 12 : ₹418.44 Crs.							Equity Cash Bank & Others (Non interest bearing)

# **Balanced Funds**

# Aggressive Growth Fund (ULIF 006 01/07/06 TAL 110)

Fund I	Details		Fund	Perform	ance		Asset Allocation	
Investment Objective : The the fund is to maximize the return	ne primary investment objective of ns with medium to high risk.	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	NAV Change	INDEX Change		25.28%
Fund Manager :	Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 6 Months	31-Jan-12	15.1793	2.21%	1.61%		5.68%
·	₹15.5146	Last 1 Year	29-Jul-11	15.8728	-2.26%	-0.34%		4.77%
• ·		Last 2 Years	30-Jul-10	15.7256	-0.67%	1.32%		4.77%
Benchmark :	BSE Sensex - 65%,	Last 3 Years	31-Jul-09	13.5320	4.66%	4.28%	59.07%	1.77%
	CRISIL Composite Bond	Last 4 Years	31-Jul-08	11.9630	6.71%	5.68%		1.67%
	Index - 35%	Last 5 Years	31-Jul-07	12.8860	3.78%	3.63%		
Corpus as on 31 July, 12	₹308.27 Crs.	Since Inception	01-Jul-06	10.0000	7.48%	7.67%		Corporate Bonds
		Note : The investme returns above "1 Ye		Fixed Deposit Unit Funds Cash Bank & Others Covernment Securities				

#### Whole Life Aggressive Growth Fund (ULIF 010 04/01/07 WLA 110)

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Fund D	Details		Fund	Perform	Asset Allocation			
Investment Objective : The the fund is to maximize the returns	e primary investment objective of s with medium to high risk.	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	NAV Change	INDEX Change	24.23%	5.10%
Fund Manager : M	Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 6 Months	31-Jan-12	14.3389	2.45%	1.82%		4.52%
NAV as on 31 July, 12 : ₹	₹14.6897	Last 1 Year	29-Jul-11	14.7743	-0.57%	0.09%		1.77%
•,		Last 2 Years	30-Jul-10	14.2751	1.44%	1.63%		1.55%
	Nifty - 65%	Last 3 Years	31-Jul-09	12.2660	6.19%	4.84%		1.33 %
	CRISIL Composite Bond	Last 4 Years	31-Jul-08	10.6660	8.33%	5.77%		
I	Index -35%	Last 5 Years	31-Jul-07	11.2060	5.56%	4.18%	59.54%	
Corpus as on 31 July, 12 : 💐	₹353.87 Crs.	Since Inception	08-Jan-07	10.0000	7.16%	5.71%	Equity	Corporate Bonds
		Note : The investme returns above "1 Ye						

#### Growth Fund (ULIF 004 04/02/04 TGL 110)

Corpus as on 31 July, 12 : ₹185.30 Crs.

Fund Detai		Fund	d Perform	Asset Allocation			
Investment Objective : The primar the fund is to maximize the returns with n	ry investment objective of nedium to high risk	DD DATE	NAV	NAV Change	INDEX Change	3.12%	
Fund Manager : Mr. Sara	avana Kumar Last 6 Mo	nths 31-Jan-12	23.7754	2.15%	1.61%		
NAV as on 31 July, 12 : ₹24.286	Last 1 Yea	ar 29-Jul-11	24.9589	-2.69%	-0.34%	8.38%	
•,	Last 2 Yea	ars 30-Jul-10	24.8394	-1.12%	1.32%		
	ensex - 65%, Last 3 Yea	ars 31-Jul-09	21.8170	3.64%	4.28%		66.78%
	Composite Bond Last 4 Yea	ars 31-Jul-08	20.4080	4.45%	5.68%	16.87%	
Index -	35% Last 5 Yea	ars 31-Jul-07	22.4440	1.59%	3.63%	10.07 %	
Corpus as on 31 July, 12 : ₹144.27	7 Crs. Since Ince	eption 02-Mar-04	10.0000	11.12%	10.82%	■ Equity	Corporate Bonds
		investment income and pove "1 Year" are calculate		Government Securities Unit Funds			

# Whole Life Income Fund (ULIF 012 04/01/07 WLI 110)

Fund Details		F	und Pe	erformance	Asset Allocation					
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate income through investing in a range of debt and money market instruments of various maturities with	PERIOD						23.86%	18.23%		
a view to maximizing the optimal balance between yield, safety and liquidity. The Fund will have no investments in equity or equity linked instruments at any point in time.	Last 6 Months Last 1 Year Last 2 Years	31-Jan-12 29-Jul-11 30-Jul-10	13.8558 13.1511 12.3580	1776.42 1699.88 1613.57	4.47% 10.07% 8.23%	4.14% 8.83% 7.08%		8.14%		
Fund Manager:Mr. Saravana KumarNAV as on 31 July, 12:₹14.4753	Last 3 Years Last 4 Years Last 5 Years	31-Jul-09 31-Jul-08 31-Jul-07	11.6830 10.2660 10.0020	1543.10 1382.84 1349.23 1208.70	7.40% 8.97% 7.67% 6.87%	6.23% 7.55% 6.52% 6.56%	44.70%	2.91% 2.16%		
Benchmark : CRISIL Composite Bond Index -100% Since Inception 08-Jan-07 10.0000 1298.79 6.87% 6.56% Corporate Bonds Note : The investment income and prices may go down as well as up. "Since Inception" and Fixed Deposit returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR.										

### Guaranteed NAV Funds

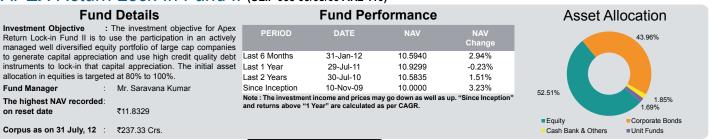
The fund would be predominantly invested in equity at inception, wherein the dynamic asset allocation mechanism allocates the portfolio between equity and debt. This dynamic asset allocation is based on the performance of equity markets and movements in interest rates. The equity allocation may be reallocated to debt if the equity markets or interest rates fall , to safeguard the guarantee.

Over time, the asset mix will predominantly shift to debt to protect the guarantee. This dynamic asset allocation process will drive the returns generated by the Apex Return Lock-in Fund. The dynamic asset allocation shifts the allocation of the fund from an equity bias to a debt bias,overtime. This would mean that the Guaranteed NAV would not mimic the highest level of the equity market ,over the period the guarantee is applicable. Any unexpected and sharp falls in equity market and/ or interest rates, during the period the guarantee is applicable, may trigger the allocation to completely move towards debt, to protect the highest NAV achieved prior to the fall. Overall, it is an ideal fund for an investor who wants to take advantage of high returns in a positive market scenario while safe-guarding the investment during any downturn.



## APEX Return Lock-In Fund (ULIF 032 18/02/09 ARL 110)





#### Equity Outlook

he month of July 2012 saw the benchmark indices, BSE Sensex and CNX Nifty shed 1.11% and 0.95% respectively even as the Mid-cap index CNX Midcap lost 2.49% during the same period. MSCI India lost 0.7% in US dollar terms over the month and underperformed the MSCI EM index, which had notched up gains of 1.6% in the same period.

The FIIs were net buyers of Indian equity over the month of July 2012 to the tune of around USD 1.85 billion and have invested USD 10.3 billion in Indian equities, calendar year to date. The DIIs sold USD 952 million over the month with insurance companies and domestic mutual funds being net sellers to the tune of USD 617 million and USD 335 million and USD 335 million respectively. The insurance companies and mutual funds have sold USD 3.3 billion and USD 1.6 billion respectively, this calendar year to date.

First quarter earnings season has been a mixed bag so far reflecting the reduced pricing power of corporate India on the back of the moderating demand in the economy. The EBITDA margins contracted on a year on year basis with the net profit margins under pressure due to higher borrowing costs. However, there are early indications of exporters benefiting from the INR depreciation. Consensus earnings estimates for the broad market (MSCI India) were revised down marginally over the month to an estimated earnings growth of 13% and 14% for FY13 (E) and FY14 (E) respectively.

The equity markets have been waiting for some policy actions from the government such as increasing diesel and urea prices, clearing key investment projects and increasing FDI in Retail and Aviation. These actions on the policy front are crucial for the fiscal situation and balance of payments position to improve.

While the impact of weak monsoons on growth may not be substantial, food inflation could spike up due to lower agriproduction. Cumulative rainfall deficit is at around 20% below normal for the months of June and July raising the possibility of a moderation in rural consumption, which to some extent can be offset by increased government spends on rural employment generation schemes and higher minimum support prices of Kharif crops.

Going forward, some credible fiscal consolidation efforts by the government and a modest decline in interest rates by RBI in response to the same, can offer some positive trigger for the equity markets. However, the possibility of fiscal slippage due to weak monsoons and higher subsidy bill can weigh on the Indian market in the near term. In the medium term, the lower policy interest rates, high savings rates, competitive exports and import substitution from the INR depreciation can help in putting a floor on the GDP growth.

The market has largely priced in the weak macro-fundamentals and does offer comfort of reasonable valuations at around 13 times one year forward price earnings. That said, the government's policy stance over the next few months would be crucial in determining market direction as the window for reforms has narrowed considerably given a packed state elections calendar in 2013.

We believe that the Indian equities offer an attractive entry point for a long term investor with a 3-5 year view.

#### Debt Outlook

he month of July 2012 saw the erstwhile benchmark 10 year Government security (G-sec) trading flat, opening at 8.38% levels and closing the month at around 8.36% levels post the RBI first quarter monetary policy. The new 10 year G-sec hardened by around 11 bps during the month to close around 8.25% levels.

The G-sec market had built up some gains during the month on a lesser than consensus June WPI inflation number but once the RBI kept the policy rates on hold even as it unexpectedly decreased the statutory liquidity ratio (SLR) by 100 bps in its first quarter monetary policy, the G-sec market gave up most of the monthly gains. The corporate bond yield eased by around 10 basis points during the month to close the month of July 2012 at 9.20-9.30% levels. As a consequence, the corporate bond spread over the new benchmark 10 year G-sec stood at 85-95 Bps.

On the liquidity front, the Liquidity Adjustment Facility -LAF continued to be the primary mode of liquidity injection, maintaining an average shortfall of around Rs.0.3-0.5 trillion during the month of July 2012, well within the RBIs comfort zone of 1% of the NDTL (Net demand and time liabilities).

On the GDP growth front the RBI revised the projected GDP growth for 2012-13 downwards from 7.3 % to 6.5% on the back of a deficient and uneven monsoon, weak industrial activity, reduced global growth & trade volume and a slowdown in the services sector growth. On the inflation front, the RBI increased the baseline projection of WPI inflation for March 2013 of 6.5 % to 7% due the adverse impact on food inflation on account of a deficient monsoon, high levels of suppressed inflation in the system and a possible increase in imported inflation due to INR depreciation.

The RBI clarified that keeping in view the slowdown in growth, they had front loaded the policy rate reduction in April 2012 with an unexpected cut of 50 basis points in the repo rate. Subsequent developments suggested that even as growth moderated, inflation remained sticky, which was the main reason for the RBI to pause in the mid-quarter review of June 2012, even in the face of slowing growth.

The RBI guided that the primary focus of monetary policy remained inflation control in order to secure a sustainable growth path over the medium-term. They conceded that monetary actions over the past two years may have contributed to the growth slowdown, an unavoidable consequence of their fight against persistent inflation. The RBI opined that in the current circumstances, lowering policy rates would only aggravate inflationary impulses without necessarily stimulating growth. The RBI assured that as and when the multiple constraints to growth are addressed, they would stand ready to act appropriately.

The RBIs decision to cut the statutory liquidity ratio (SLR) by 100 bps is broadly in line with their objective of maintaining adequate liquidity for the productive sectors. The immediate impact of the SLR cut will be limited as the credit pick up in the economy has been only modest of late but nevertheless, the RBI wanted to signal the shift in the direction of liquidity flow in the medium term.

The RBI expects the policy actions to anchor inflation expectations based on the commitment of monetary policy to inflation control as well as maintain liquidity to facilitate smooth flow of credit to productive sectors to support growth. Going forward, we could see rate cuts from the RBI only as a response to credible steps taken for fiscal consolidation and not solely on the basis of moderating economic activity.

Considering the measures taken by RBI on the liquidity front which may lead to a receding possibility of OMOs in the near term as well as a busy government borrowing calendar over the next four weeks, we could expect the new 10 year benchmark G-sec to be under pressure and trade in a range of 8.10-8.35% in the near term.

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