(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 29th November 2013)

IN THIS POLICY, THE INVESTMENT RISK IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO IS BORNE BY THE POLICYHOLDER.

Investment Report

The month of November 2013 saw the benchmark indices; BSE Sensex and CNX Nifty shed around 1.76% and 1.95% respectively, even as the Mid-cap index, CNX Mid-cap gained 1.96% during the same period.

Equity Funds

Equity Fund (ULIF 001 04/02/04 TEL 110)

Fund Details		Fund	Asset Allocation				
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in equity and equity linked	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	BSE Sensex	NAV Change	INDEX Change	
securities. NAV as on 29 Nov, 13 : ₹36.5405 Benchmark : BSE Sensex - 100% Corpus as on 29 Nov, 13 : ₹2,196.60 Crs.	Last 6 Months Last 1 Year Last 2 Years Last 3 Years Last 4 Years Last 5 Years Since Inception	31-May-13 30-Nov-12 30-Nov-11 30-Nov-10 30-Nov-09 28-Nov-08 02-Mar-04	33.5695 27.8612 34.9333 29.5470 16.5600 10.0000	19760.30 19339.90 16123.46 19521.25 16926.22 9092.72 5823.17	5.34% 8.85% 14.52% 1.51% 5.45% 17.15% 14.21%	5.22% 7.51% 13.56% 2.12% 5.28% 17.99% 13.94%	98.41%
	Note: The investmer and returns above "1				II as up. "Sind	ce Inception"	■Equity ■Unit Funds ■Cash Bank &

Whole Life Mid-Cap Equity Fund (ULIF 009 04/01/07 WLE 110)

Fund Details		Fund	Perfo	Asset Allocation			
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in Mid Cap Equity and Mid	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	NSE CNX MIDCAP	NAV Change	INDEX Change	
Cap Equity linked securities.	Last 6 Months	31-May-13	16.0586	7821.80	0.38%	-1.78%	
• • •	Last 1 Year	30-Nov-12	15.2486	8139.80	5.71%	-5.62%	1.62%
NAV as on 29 Nov, 13 : ₹16.1199	Last 2 Years	30-Nov-11	12.0501	6641.05	15.66%	7.55%	0.30%
Benchmark : NSE CNX MIDCAP-100%	Last 3 Years	30-Nov-10	14.9031	8907.50	2.65%	-4.81%	00.0007
	Last 4 Years	30-Nov-09	11.7060	7149.20	8.33%	1.81%	98.08%
Corpus as on 29 Nov, 13 : ₹1,558.728 Crs.	Last 5 Years	28-Nov-08	6.2010	3309.65	21.05%	18.34%	
	Since Inception	08-Jan-07	10.0000	5156.45	7.17%	5.95%	
	Note : The investmen and returns above "1				l as up. "Sind	ce Inception"	■Equity ■Unit Funds ■Cash Bank & Others

Large Cap Equity Fund (ULIF 017 07/01/08 TLC 110)



Future Equity Pension Fund (ULIF 020 04/02/08 FEP 110)

or the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in equity and equity linked securities. Last 6 Last 1 NAV as on 29 Nov, 13 : ₹13.9866 Last 2	1 Year 30-Nov-12		CNX Nifty 5985.95 5879.85	NAV Change 4.48%	INDEX Change 3.18%			
Securities. Last 6 NAV as on 29 Nov, 13 ₹13.9866 Last 2 Last 2	1 Year 30-Nov-12							
Corpus as on 29 Nov, 13 : ₹214.58 Crs. Last 4 Last 5 Since I Note: T		11.0760 6.2130 10.0000 rices may go		6.43% 13.25% 1.75% 6.01% 17.62% 5.93%	5.04% 13.06% 1.75% 5.25% 17.52% 2.13% ce Inception"	99.39%	■Unit Funds	0.55% 0.07%

Select Equity Fund (ULIF 024 06/10/08 TSE 110)

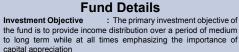
Scient Equity 1 and (oth 024 06/10/06 15E 110)									
Fund Details		Fu	nd Pe	rformance			Asset Allocation		
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the fund is to provide income distribution over a period of medium to long term while at all times emphasizing the importance of capital	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	CNX India 500 Shariah Index	NAV Change	INDEX Change			
appreciation. The fund will invest significant amount in equit		31-May-13	19.4961	1362.94	5.95%	8.02%			
and equity linked instruments specifically excluding companie		30-Nov-12	18.6939	1321.20	10.49%	11.44%			
predominantly dealing in Gambling, Lotteries/Contests, Anima	Last 2 Years	30-Nov-11	16.0514	1167.25	13.44%	12.31%			
Produce, Liquor, Tobacco, Entertainment (Films, TV etc) Hotels	Last 3 Years	30-Nov-10	18.4170	1364.02	3.90%	2.58%	98.28%		
Banks and Financial Institutions.	Last 4 Years	30-Nov-09	15.2350	1208.95	7.91%	5.05%			
NAV 90 N 40	Last 5 Years	28-Nov-08	10.1030	629.18	15.38%	18.53%			
NAV as on 29 Nov, 13 : ₹20.6554	Since Inception	06-Oct-08	10.0000	844.46	15.12%	11.40%	1.72%		
Benchmark : CNX India 500 Shariah Index - 100%	Note: The investment of the in			y go down as well as · CAGR.	up. "Since In	ception" and	Equity = Cash Bank & Others (Non Interest Bearing)		
Corpus as on 29 Nov, 13 : ₹216.60 Crs.									



Others

(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 29th November 2013)

Super Select Equity Fund (ULIF 035 16/10/09 TSS 110)

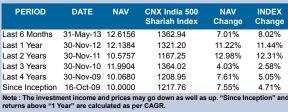


capital appreciation NAV as on 29 Nov. 13

· ₹13 5005

CNX India 500 Shariah Index - 100%

Corpus as on 29 Nov. 13 · ₹610 21 Crs



Fund Performance



■Equity ■Cash Bank & Others (Non Interest Bearing)

Asset Allocation

Top 200 Fund (ULIF 027 12/01/09 ITT 110)

Fund Details Investment Objective The Top 200 fund will invest primarily in select stocks and equity linked instruments which are a part of BSE 200 Index with a focus on generating long term capital appreciation. The fund will not replicate the index but aim to attain performance better than the performance of the Index. As a defensive strategy arising out of market conditions, the scheme may also invest in debt and money market instruments.

NAV as on 29 Nov, 13 ₹20.8186 : BSE 200 - 100% Benchmark

Corpus as on 29 Nov, 13 : ₹172.18 Crs.

DATE NAV **INDEX** Change Change Last 6 Months 31-May-13 20.1494 2409.22 3.32% 2.27% Last 1 Year 30-Nov-12 19.9354 2389.51 4.43% 3.11% Last 2 Years 30-Nov-11 16.4360 1953.03 12.55% 12.32% Last 3 Years 30-Nov-10 20.0213 2451.45 1.31% 0.17% Last 4 Years 30-Nov-09 16.8530 2105.51 5.42% 4.01% 18.15% Since Inception 12-Jan-09 10.0000 1091.37 16.21%

Fund Performance

Note: The investment income and prices may go down as w returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR.



Balanced Funds

Aggressive Growth Fund (ULIF 006 01/07/06 TAL 110)

: The primary investment objective of PERIOD DAT **Investment Objective** the fund is to maximize the returns with medium to high risk.

NAV as on 29 Nov, 13

Benchmark

₹17.5791

BSE Sensex - 65%, CRISIL Composite Bond

₹238.81 Crs Corpus as on 29 Nov, 13

	FLINIOD	DAIL	IVAV	Change	Change					
	Last 6 Months	31-May-13	17.3022	1.60%	2.25%					
	Last 1 Year	30-Nov-12	16.7683	4.84%	6.33%					
	Last 2 Years	30-Nov-11	14.4807	10.18%	11.20%					
	Last 3 Years	30-Nov-10	16.6653	1.80%	3.70%					
	Last 4 Years	30-Nov-09	14.6110	4.73%	5.56%					
	Last 5 Years	28-Nov-08	9.4130	13.31%	14.08%					
	Since Inception	01-Jul-06	10.0000	7.90%	8.37%					
Note: The investment income and prices may go down as well as up. "Since Inception" a returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR.										



Whole Life Aggressive Growth Fund (ULIF 010 04/01/07 WLA 110)

Fund Details

Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the fund is to maximize the returns with medium to high risk.

NAV as on 29 Nov. 13 Benchmark

₹16.9759 Nifty - 65%

CRISIL Composite Bond

Corpus as on 29 Nov. 13 ₹364.85 Crs.

NAV Last 6 Months 31-May-13 16.7777 1.18% 0.92% 30-Nov-12 16.0882 5.52% 4.72% Last 1 Year Last 2 Years 30-Nov-11 13.6617 11.47% 10.87% Last 3 Years 30-Nov-10 15.2127 3.72% 3 45% Last 4 Years 30-Nov-09 13.1950 6.50% 5.54% Last 5 Years 28-Nov-08 8.6120 14.54% 13.78% Since Inception 08-Jan-07 10.0000 7.98% 6.62% Note: The investment income and prices may go down returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR. vell as up. 'Since Inception'

Fund Performance



Growth Fund (ULIF 004 04/02/04 TGL 110)

Fund Details

Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the fund is to maximize the returns with medium to high risk.

NAV as on 29 Nov, 13

Benchmark

₹28.0853

BSE Sensex - 65%, CRISIL Composite Bond

Corpus as on 29 Nov, 13 ₹125.51 Crs

NAV **PERIOD** DATE Change 27.4284 Last 6 Months 31-May-13 2.39% 2.25% Last 1 Year 30-Nov-12 26 3933 6 41% 6.33% 11.20% 30-Nov-11 22.5922 11.50% Last 2 Years Last 3 Years 30-Nov-10 26.2457 2.28% 3.70% 23.3860 30-Nov-09 4.68% 5.56% Last 5 Years 28-Nov-08 15 5210 12 59% 14 08% Since Inception 02-Mar-04 10 0000 11 17% 10.94% Note: The investment income and prices may go dov returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR. well as up. "Since Inception" and

Fund Performance

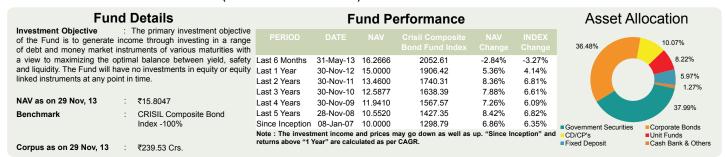




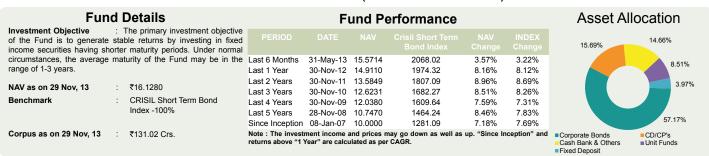
(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 29th November 2013)

Fixed Income Funds

Whole Life Income Fund (ULIF 012 04/01/07 WLI 110)



Whole Life Short Term Fixed Income Fund (ULIF 013 04/01/07 WLF 110)



Guaranteed NAV Funds

The fund would be predominantly invested in equity at inception, wherein the dynamic asset allocation mechanism allocates the portfolio between equity and debt. This dynamic asset allocation is based on the performance of equity markets and movements in interest rates. The equity allocation may be reallocated to debt if the equity markets or interest rates fall, to safeguard the guarantee.

Overtime, the asset mix will predominantly shift to debt to protect the guarantee. This dynamic asset allocation process will drive the returns generated by the Apex Return Lock-in Fund. The dynamic asset allocation shifts the allocation of the fund from an equity bias to a debt bias, overtime. This would mean that the Guaranteed NAV would not mimic the highest level of the equity market, over the period the guarantee is applicable. Any unexpected and sharp falls in equity market and/or interest rates, during the period the guarantee is applicable, may trigger the allocation to completely move towards debt, to protect the highest NAV achieved prior to the fall. Overall, it is an ideal fund for an investor who wants to take advantage of high returns in a positive market scenario while safe-guarding the investment during any downturn.

APEX Return Lock-In Fund (ULIF 032 18/02/09 ARL 110)

Fund	l Details		Fund Perf	formance		Asset Al	location
Return Lock-in Fund is to u	: The investment objective for Apex see the participation in an actively		DATE	NAV	NAV Change		
	ity portfolio of large cap companies on and use high credit quality debt	Last 6 Months	31-May-13	13.2539	1.48%		43.18%
	ipital appreciation. The initial asset	Last 1 Year	30-Nov-12	12.6410	6.40%		
allocation in equities is targete		Last 2 Year	30-Nov-11	10.8625	11.28%		1.76%
The highest NAV recorded	:	Last 3 Year	30-Nov-10	12.1809	3.36%		0.79%
on reset date	₹13.2962	Last 4 Year	30-Nov-09	10.8290	5.57%	54.27%	
Corpus as on 29 Nov, 13	: ₹326.41 Crs.	Since Inception	10-Jun-09	10.0000	6.85%	34.2170	
301pus us 511 23 NOV, 15		Note: The investment in and returns above "1 You			up. "Since Inception"	■ Equity ■ Cash Bank & Others	Corporate Bonds Unit Funds

APEX Return Lock-In Fund II (ULIF 033 03/08/09 AR2 110)

Fund Details		Fund Perf	ormance		Asset A	Allocation
Investment Objective : The investment objective for Apex Return Lock-in Fund II is to use the participation in an actively	i Lidob	DATE	NAV	NAV Change		40.25%
managed well diversified equity portfolio of large cap companies to generate capital appreciation and use high credit quality debt	Last o Months	31-May-13	12.4223	1.85%		
instruments to lock-in that capital appreciation. The initial asset allocation in equities is targeted at 80% to 100%.		30-Nov-12 30-Nov-11	11.8464 10.1278	6.80% 11.77%		2.20%
The highest NAV recorded :	Last 3 Year	30-Nov-10	11.3341	3.73%		1.30%
on reset date ₹12.5057	Last 4 Year Since Inception	30-Nov-09 10-Nov-09	10.0420 10.0000	5.95% 5.97%		
Corpus as on 29 Nov, 13 : ₹232.03 Crs.	Note: The investment and returns above "1			up. "Since Inception"	■ Equity ■ Unit Funds	56.24% Corporate Bonds Cash Bank & Others



(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 29th November 2013)

Equity Outlook

The month of November 2013 saw the benchmark indices; BSE Sensex and CNX Nifty shed around 1.76% and 1.95% respectively, even as the Mid-cap index, CNX Mid-cap gained 1.96% during the same period.

FIIs were net buyers with inflows of around USD 1.3 billion in November 2013 even as the DIIs were net sellers to the tune of around USD 1.5 billion, with Insurance companies' net sellers of around USD 1.3 billion and domestic mutual funds, net sellers to the extent of around USD 0.2 billion over the month. In the eleven months of the calendar year 2013, the FIIs have been net buyers to the tune of USD 17.5 billion with the DIIs net sellers to the tune of USD 11.8 billion, Insurance companies and mutual funds selling Indian equities to the tune of USD 8.1 billion and USD 3.7 billion respectively.

Consensus earnings estimates for the broad market (MSCI India) were revised up by a marginal 1.1% for FY14 (E) and remains unchanged for FY 15(E) over the month. The market consensus stands at an earnings growth of 9% and 18% for FY14(E) and FY15(E) respectively.

Indian companies, over the last few quarters have demonstrated resilience as they have maintained their operating margins in an environment of slowing revenue growth and high currency volatility. The second quarter fiscal 2014 was a difficult quarter that saw the INR at all-time lows and extraordinary liquidity tightening measures of the RBI to shore up the currency. Operating margins rose on a year on year basis for the third straight quarter, after the earlier 10 consecutive quarters of decline.

Overall, the second quarter fiscal 2014 results was a positive surprise as the growth in revenue, EBITDA, and PAT on a year on year basis was the highest since December 2012. Robust revenue growth was driven by export segments such as Information Technology and Pharmaceuticals. However, many companies were weighed down by an increase in operating costs, elevated interest expense and high forex losses due to the currency volatility limiting the impact of the robust revenue growth on the bottom-line.

The second quarter GDP saw the services sector growth decelerate to 5.9% from 6.6% in first quarter fiscal 2014 and 7.6% during the second quarter last year. While the growth in the financial sector accelerated to 10% from 8.9% a quarter back, the 'social and community services' growth plunged to 4.2% from 9.4% a quarter back. The drag on the service sector was from the heavyweight 'trade, hotels, transport and communication' as it clocked a muted 4% growth, similar to the 3.9% during the previous quarter.

There have been some green shoots signaling the revival of the nascent capex cycle enabled by a large pipeline of projects under implementation along with an improving outlook in some manufacturing sectors due to currency depreciation. Speedy clearances of projects as well as some enabling policy framework can accelerate the capex cycle in the medium term.

The equity markets have noted the improving Indian macro data such as a moderating CAD, double digit exports growth, expanding manufacturing PMIs as well as project clearances by the CCI. However, elevated inflation levels and concerns on the fiscal deficit are key headwinds for a sustainable economic growth.

The equity markets would take cues from the crucial State election results of Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Chhattisgarh, Delhi and Mizoram as well as RBIs Mid-quarter monetary policy review, in the near term. The market has very little expectations of reforms coming through in the winter session of parliament scheduled between December 5th and December 20TH as there is only a very small window of opportunity before the general elections.

We believe that the Indian equities offer an attractive entry point for a long term investor with a 3-5 year view.

Debt Outlook

November 2013 saw the erstwhile 10 year Government securities (G-sec) harden by around 42 bps to close the month at 9.04% levels. The yields of the 30 year G-sec over the erstwhile10 year G-sec compressed to 14 bps in November 2013 as against 45 bps in the prior month. The new 10 year G-sec was issued during the month at 8.83% and closed the month at 8.74 % with the spread of 44 bps over the 30 year G-sec.

The corporate bonds remained in a tight range during November 2013 to close the month at around 9.55% levels in the 10 year bonds, similar to the October 2013 levels of 9.53%. As a consequence, the corporate bond spread over the erstwhile benchmark 10 year G-sec stood at around 36 bps in November 2013, contracting from 80 bps in the prior month.



(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 29th November 2013)

The G-sec market has been concerned on the fiscal deficit front as the fiscal deficit on a cumulative basis for the period April-October stood at an uncomfortable ₹4.58 tn, or 84.4% of the Budgeted estimates (BE). The achievement of the targeted deficit for FY 2014 would depend on an up tick in revenue, steep cuts in expenditures as well as a possible roll over of oil subsidy into the next year. The moderation in domestic growth has muted the performance of gross tax collection as it grew by 9.3% as against the budgeted 19%.

Central government expenditure grew 18% year on year during April-October 2013, in line with the BE. The government has announced austerity measures by effecting a 10% cut in non- plan expenditure excluding certain identified expenditures and cap on spending in the last quarter, fiscal 2014. There is an expectation of raising additional revenues under the amnesty scheme announced for the service tax.

The G-sec market is facing headwinds like rising inflation, focus shifting to 'core CPI' inflation as well as a possibility of a bond switch of ₹500 bn and the G-sec yields have remained elevated. While the fears of fiscal slippage and consequently the extra borrowing remains a key risk, the G-sec market has been under pressure over the last few months. Moreover, there has not been adequate OMO support, unlike the prior year. The strong supply in the month of December 2013 further acts as a negative in the short term.

The bond markets have seen an exodus of FII flows post the US Fed taper talk in May 2013 which resulted in a sharp depreciation of the INR. The fall in the INR triggered further selling in the bond market, thereby spiraling into a vicious loop. With the expectation shifting to a delayed and slow QE taper and on the back of extraordinary measures deployed successfully by the RBI to increase the dollar flows from FCNR deposits and bank borrowings, the INR seems to have stabilized.

The complete unwinding of July 15th liquidity tightening measures and bringing the total OMCs dollar demand fully into the market in a calibrated manner have stabilized the INR in line with the fundamentals. The RBI has been able to build a reasonable buffer against the ultimate Fed QE taper and the rating agencies seem inclined to take a call on the sovereign rating only after the general elections in 2014. These tailwinds along with an improved CAD print in the second quarter 2014 are positive developments by the Indian G-sec market.

A section of the market is bracing for a 25 bps rate hike in the Mid-quarter monetary policy on December 2013 as the RBI could react to elevated inflation. We believe that as the borrowing calendar gets less crowded in February 2014 and the vegetable price inflation eases meaningfully, the G-sec yields would gradually come down. Hence, the current market levels offer attractive entry point for a long term investor in the bond market.

Meanwhile, the 10 year benchmark G-sec would remain volatile and the near term direction of the Gsec yields would largely depend on the trajectory of the INR and the extent of OMO support from the RBI.

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