Quick Glance - Funds Performance

(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 31st October 2012)

IN THIS POLICY, THE INVESTMENT RISK IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO IS BORNE BY THE POLICYHOLDER.



Message from CIO's Desk

The month of October 2012 saw the benchmark indices; BSE Sensex and CNX Nifty shed 1.37% and 1.47% respectively, even as the Mid-cap index, CNX Mid-cap closed lower 1% during the same period.

Saravana Kumar Chief Investment Officer

Equity Funds

Equity Fund (ULIF 001 04/02/04 TEL 110)

Fur	Details	Fund Performance								
	long	The primary investment objective g term capital appreciation from a ninantly in equity and equity linked	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	BSE Sensex	NAV Change	INDEX Change		
securities		, , , , , ,	Last 6 Months	30-Apr-12	30.0193	17318.81	6.67%	6.85%		
			Last 1 Year	31-Oct-11	30.6328	17705.01	4.53%	4.52%		
Fund Manager	:	Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 2 Years	29-Oct-10	35.6801	20032.34	-5.27%	-3.89%		
NAV as on 31 Oct. 12		₹32.0204	Last 3 Years	30-Oct-09	27.8780	15896.28	4.73%	5.20%		
	•		Last 4 Years	31-Oct-08	17.9120	9788.06	15.63%	17.26%		
Benchmark	:	BSE Sensex - 100%	Last 5 Years	31-Oct-07	40.2180	19837.99	-4.46%	-1.38%		
Corpus as on 31 Oct, 12	:	₹2619.02 Crs.	Since Inception	02-Mar-04	10.0000	5823.17	14.36%	14.26%		

1.30% 1.09% ■Equity ■Unit Funds ■CD/CP's ■ Cash Bank & Others

Asset Allocation

Whole Life Mid-Cap Equity Fund (ULIF 009 04/01/07 WLE 110)

Fund Details Fund Performance Asset Allocation Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the NSE CNX MIDCAP **PERIOD** DATE NAV **INDEX** Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in Mid Cap Equity and Mid Cap Change Change Last 6 Months 30-Apr-12 13.2764 7471.05 9.80% 3.91% Equity linked securities. Last 1 Year 31-Oct-11 12 8984 7267 15 13 01% 6.82% Last 2 Years 29-Oct-10 15.2196 9360.70 -2.13% -8.93% **Fund Manager** : Mr. Saravana Kumar 30-Oct-09 10.9220 6579.80 10.10% Last 3 Years 5.67% 0.41% : ₹14.5770 NAV as on 31 Oct, 12 Last 4 Years 31-Oct-08 6.5950 3506.40 21.93% 21.98% Benchmark : NSE CNX MIDCAP-100% Last 5 Years 31-Oct-07 14.3410 7450.35 0.33% 0.83% Corpus as on 31 Oct,12 : ₹1899.86 Crs. Since Inception 08-Jan-07 10.0000 5156 45 6 69% 7 29% Equity CD/CP's Fixed Deposit Note: The investment income and prices may go down as well as up. "Since Inception' and returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR.

Note : The investment income and prices may go down as well as up. "Since Inception" and returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR.

Large Cap Equity Fund (ULIF 017 07/01/08 TLC 110)

Fund Details		Fund	Perfo	Asset Allocation			
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in equity and equity linked	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	S&P CNX Nifty	NAV Change	INDEX Change	
securities.	Last 6 Months Last 1 Year	30-Apr-12 31-Oct-11	10.4345 10.4694	5248.15 5326.60	8.63% 8.27%	7.08% 5.50%	-0.37%
Fund Manager : Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 2 Years	29-Oct-10	11.7967	6017.70	-1.98%	-3.36%	0.70%
NAV as on 31 Oct. 12 : ₹11.3347	Last 3 Years	30-Oct-09	9.1960	4711.70	7.22%	6.05%	3.61%
Benchmark : S&P CNX Nifty-100%	Last 4 Years	31-Oct-08	5.9480	2885.60	17.49%	18.13%	
	Since Inception	07-Jan-08	10.0000	6279.10	2.63%	-2.28%	96.06%
Corpus as on 31 Oct,12 : ₹914.19 Crs.	Note : The investment and returns above "1				II as up. "Sind	ce Inception"	■Equity ■ Unit Funds ■CD/CP's ■ Cash Bank & Others

Future Equity Pension Fund (ULIF 020 04/02/08 FEP 110)

Fur	nd Details		Fund	Perfo	rmance	Asset Allocation		
	: The primary investment objective long term capital appreciation from a adominantly in equity and equity linked	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	S&P CNX Nifty	NAV Change	INDEX Change	
securities.		Last 6 Months Last 1 Year	30-Apr-12 31-Oct-11	11.7190 11.9121	5248.15 5326.60	7.14% 5.40%	7.08% 5.50%	
Fund Manager	: Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 2 Years	29-Oct-10	13.5248	6017.70	-3.65%	-3.36%	0.45%
NAV as on 31 Oct. 12	: ₹12.5553	Last 3 Years	30-Oct-09	10.4310	4711.70	6.37%	6.05%	2.66%
Benchmark	: S&P CNX Nifty-100%	Last 4 Years	31-Oct-08	6.5910	2885.60	17.48%	18.13%	
Corpus as on 31 Oct,12	: ₹225.27 Crs.	Since Inception Note: The investmen and returns above "1				4.92% I as up. "Sinc	0.60% ce Inception"	96.89%
								■Equity ■ Unit Funds ■ Cash Bank & Others

Select Equity Fund (ULIF 024 06/10/08 TSE 110)

Fund Details		Fu	nd Pe	Asset Allocation			
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the fund is to provide income distribution over a period of medium to long term while at all times emphasizing the importance of capital	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	S & P India 500 Shariah Index	NAV Change	INDEX Change	
appreciation. The fund will invest significant amount in equity		30-Apr-12	16.9359	1224.91	7.62%	5.77%	
and equity linked instruments specifically excluding companies		31-Oct-11	17.1120	1256.78	6.52%	3.08%	
predominantly dealing in Gambling, Lotteries/Contests, Animal		29-Oct-10	18.5533	1408.93	-0.88%	-4.11%	
Produce, Liquor, Tobacco, Entertainment (Films, TV etc) Hotels,	Last 3 Years	30-Oct-09	14.4660	1132.92	8.01%	4.57%	
Banks and Financial Institutions.	Last 4 Years	31-Oct-08	10.0170	684.97	16.14%	17.27%	
	Since Inception	06-Oct-08	10.0000	844.46	15.89%	11.08%	93.17%
				y go down as well as	up. "Since In	ception" and	6.83%
NAV as on 31 Oct, 12 : ₹18.2272	returns above "1 Y	'ear" are calcu	lated as per	CAGR.			
Benchmark : S & P India 500 Shariah Index - 100%							■ Equity ■ Cash Bank & Others (Non Interest Bearing)
Corpus as on 31 Oct,12 : ₹212.37 Crs.							



Quick Glance - Funds Performance

(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 31st October 2012)

Super Select Equity Fund (ULIF 035 16/10/09 TSS 110)

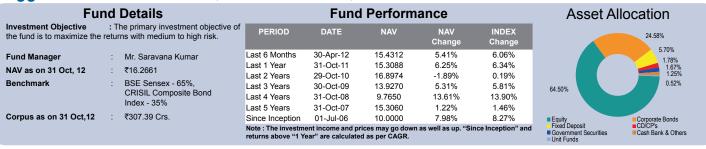
Fund Details Fund Performance Asset Allocation Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of PERIOD DATE NAV S & P India 500 NAV INDEX the fund is to provide income distribution over a period of medium Change to long term while at all times emphasizing the importance of Last 6 Months 30-Apr-12 11.0657 1224.91 7.15% 5.77% capital appreciation 10.74% 1256.78 5.59% 3.08% Last 1 Year 31-Oct-11 11.2286 : Mr. Saravana Kumar **Fund Manager** Last 2 Years 29-Oct-10 12.0903 1408.93 -0.97% -4.11% Last 3 Years 30-Oct-09 10.0380 1132.92 5.71% 4.57% NAV as on 31 Oct. 12 : ₹11.8568 Since Inception 16-Oct-09 10.0000 1217.76 5 75% 2 05% S & P India 500 Shariah Note: The investment income and prices may go down as we returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR. up. "Since Inception" and Index - 100% 89 26% : ₹465.79 Crs Corpus as on 31 Oct,12

Balanced Funds

■ Equity

Cash Bank & Others (Non Interest Bearing)

Aggressive Growth Fund (ULIF 006 01/07/06 TAL 110)



Whole Life Aggressive Growth Fund (ULIF 010 04/01/07 WLA 110)

			•		,			
Fu		Fund	Perform	Asset Allocation				
Investment Objective the fund is to maximize the	: The primary investment objective of returns with medium to high risk.	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	NAV Change	INDEX Change		25.63%
Fund Manager	: Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 6 Months	30-Apr-12	14.5758	6.53%	6.21%		3.47%
NAV as on 31 Oct. 12	: ₹15.5280	Last 1 Year	31-Oct-11	14.3471	8.23%	6.98%		2.88%
NAV as on 31 Oct, 12	. ₹15.5260	Last 2 Years	29-Oct-10	15.4002	0.41%	0.54%	61.98%	1.63%
Benchmark	: Nifty - 65%	Last 3 Years	30-Oct-09	12.6020	7.21%	6.37%		0.11%
	CRISIL Composite Bond	Last 4 Years	31-Oct-08	8.8920	14.96%	14.47%		
	Index -35%	Last 5 Years	31-Oct-07	13.1390	3.40%	1.72%		
Corpus as on 31 Oct,12	: ₹372.64 Crs.	Since Inception	08-Jan-07	10.0000	7.86%	6.46%	■ Equity ■ Fixed Deposit	Corporate Bonds
		Note : The investme returns above "1 Ye			Fixed Deposit ■ CD/CP's ■ Unit Funds	Government Securities Cash Bank & Others		

Growth Fund (ULIF 004 04/02/04 TGL 110)

Fund Details				Fund	Perform	Asset Allocation			
Investment Objective the fund is to maximize the		ne primary investment objective of ns with medium to high risk	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	NAV Change	INDEX Change		17.22%
Fund Manager		Mr. Saravana Kumar	Last 6 Months	30-Apr-12	24.0765	6.04%	6.06%		7.74%
NAV as on 31 Oct, 12		₹25.5318	Last 1 Year	31-Oct-11	24.0072	6.35%	6.34%		1.12%
	•		Last 2 Years	29-Oct-10	26.6466	-2.11%	0.19%		0.90%
Benchmark		BSE Sensex - 65%,	Last 3 Years	30-Oct-09	22.4250	4.42%	5.81%		0.557
		CRISIL Composite Bond	Last 4 Years	31-Oct-08	16.1640	12.11%	13.90%	73.02%	
		Index - 35%	Last 5 Years	31-Oct-07	27.8510	-1.72%	1.46%		
Corpus as on 31 Oct,12	:	₹142.84 Crs.	Since Inception	02-Mar-04	10.0000	11.42%	11.18%		
			Note : The investme returns above "1 Ye		■ Equity				

Fixed Income Funds

Whole Life Income Fund (ULIF 012 04/01/07 WLI 110)

	d Details		F	und Pe	Asset Allocation				
the Fund is to generate inc	The primary investment objective of ome through investing in a range of truments of various maturities with a	PERIOD						30.44%	22.94%
	nal balance between yield, safety and e no investments in equity or equity nt in time.	Last 1 Year Last 2 Years	29-Oct-10	14.0652 13.3245 12.4847	1810.70 1725.98 1630.21	5.99% 11.88% 9.27%	4.59% 9.72% 7.78%		4.02% 2.87% 2.25%
Fund Manager NAV as on 31 Oct, 12	: Mr. Saravana Kumar : ₹14.9077	Last 3 Years Last 4 Years Last 5 Years		11.8230 10.4690 10.0380	1548.15 1409.09 1368.14	8.03% 9.24% 8.23%	6.95% 7.67% 6.72%	37,47%	
Benchmark	: CRISIL Composite Bond Index -100%	Since Inception 08-Jan-07 10.0000 1298.79 7.11% 6.70% Note: The investment income and prices may go down as well as up. "Since Inception" and returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR.						■ Government Securities	■ Corporate Bonds ■ Cash Bank & Others ■ CD/CP's
Corpus as on 31 Oct, 12	: ₹195.18 Crs.								

Guaranteed NAV Funds

The fund would be predominantly invested in equity at inception, wherein the dynamic asset allocation mechanism allocates the portfolio between equity and debt. This dynamic asset allocation is based on the performance of equity markets and movements in interest rates. The equity allocation may be reallocated to debt if the equity markets or interest rates fall, to safeguard the guarantee.

Over time, the asset mix will predominantly shift to debt to protect the guarantee. This dynamic asset allocation process will drive the returns generated by the Apex Return Lock-in Fund. The dynamic asset allocation shifts the allocation of the fund from an equity bias to a debt bias, overtime. This would mean that the Guaranteed NAV would not mimic the highest level of the equity market ,over the period the guarantee is applicable. Any unexpected and sharp falls in equity market and/ or interest rates, during the period the guarantee is applicable, may trigger the allocation to completely move towards debt, to protect the highest NAV achieved prior to the fall. Overall, it is an ideal fund for an investor who wants to take advantage of high returns in a positive market scenario while safe-guarding the investment during any downturn.



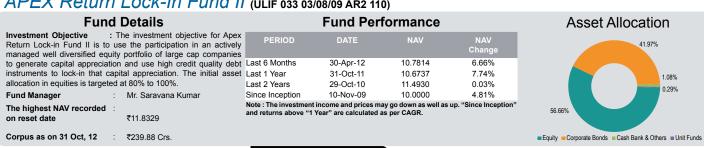
Quick Glance - Funds Performance

(Funds with AUM of more than ₹125 crores as on 31st October 2012)

APEX Return Lock-In Fund (ULIF 032 18/02/09 ARL 110)



APEX Return Lock-In Fund II (ULIF 033 03/08/09 AR2 110)



Equity Outlook

The month of October 2012 saw the benchmark indices, BSE Sensex and CNX Nifty shed 1.37% and 1.47% respectively even as the Mid-cap index, CNX Mid cap closed lower 1% during the same period

The Fils were net buyers of Indian equity over the month of October 2012 to the tune of USD 1.9 billion and have invested around USD 17.8 billion in Indian equities, calendar year to date. The DIIs sold around USD 0.9 billion of Indian equity over the month with insurance companies and domestic mutual funds being net seliers to the tune of around USD 0.4 billion and USD 0.5 billion respectively. The insurance companies and mutual funds have sold USD 5.3 billion and USD 2.9 billion respectively, this calendar year to date. The divergence between the FII and DII flows can be seen from the fact that FII holding in the Nifty increased to 19.5% in September 2012, just a tad below its record high of around 20% even as the DIIs have reduced their holding to around 13% in September 2012.

The FY 2013 second quarter earnings season started on a positive note as the 18 Sensex companies that have declared the second quarter results thus far, registered a sales growth of 14.5% on a year on year basis, broadly in line with the consensus. There has been a positive surprise on the earnings growth of 13.5% on a year on year basis, much above consensus. The operating margins have been at around 18% even as the PATmargins are at around 12%.

Going forward, we could see the stabilization of both the operating margins and the interest costs as a percentage of earnings. The earnings downward revisions have played out over the last 2 years and we may be nearing the end of the downgrade cycle. That said, the Sensex consensus EPS growth estimates for FY 2013 and FY 2014 have declined by around 130 bps and around 75 bps respectively in the September 2012 quarter. Over the last six months the FY 2013E EPS growth has seen a decline from 14% to 10% even as the FY14 estimates has increased from 12% to 13%.

On the ground, the positive sentiments due to the government's reform agenda could improve the environment for raising capital for mid-tier corporate and this could act as a key growth enabler. The global liquidity due to the unlimited Quantitative Easing (QE) III from the US Federal Reserve will find its way into asset classes including emerging market equities and it is likely that India could be a disproportionate beneficiary of the same, extending the robust USD 17.8 billion FII in-liows seen in this calendar year to date. However, the positive impact of the reforms announced as well as the improved sentiment would take some time to reflect in order inflows (and hence earnings) on the back of an expected revival in capital investment plans of India Inc.

With the government signaling its commitment to reforms, the market is expecting an acceleration of the reforms process, especially speeding up big ticket infrastructure projects, kick starting capex cycle with the PSUs taking the lead and de-bottlenecking supply constraints such as the issues of coal availability plaguing the power sector.

The market offers the comfort of reasonable valuations at around 14 times one year forward price earnings. We believe that the Indian equities offer an attractive entry point for a long term investor with a 3-5 year view

Debt Outlook

The month of October 2012 saw the benchmark 10 year Government security (G-sec) trade range bound between 8.11% and 8.21%.

October 2012 saw the G-sec market holding on to gains built up in September due to the reform measures as well as the announcement of the unchanged government borrowing calendar for the second half FY 2012-13 before giving up almost all the gains post the disappointment of the RBIs second quarter monetary policy on October 30° 2012. The benchmark 10 year G-sec closed the month at 8.21%, 6 bps higher than the September close of 8.15%. The yields of the 30 year G-sec over the 10 year G-sec compressed to around 20 bps in October as against the 30 bps, seen in the prior month, mainly on account of inadequates upply of G-sec in the long end.

The corporate bond market remained steady during the month on the back of muted supply, to close the month of October 2012 at around the 9% levels in the 5-10 year segment, similar to the September levels of 8.90-8.95%. As a consequence, the corporate bond spread over the benchmark 10 year G-sec stood at around 60-65 Bps.

On the liquidity front, the Liquidity Adjustment Facility -LAF continued to be the primary mode of liquidity injection, maintaining a shortfall of around Rs.0.6-0.8 trillion from the second week of October with the liquidity deficit worsening further to near Rs.1 trillion levels towards the end of the month.

The RBI in its second quarter monetary policy review kept the policy rates unchanged even as it cut the cash reserve ratio (CRR) of scheduled banks by 25 Bps from 4.5% to 4.25% of their net demand and time liabilities (NDTL) effective the fortnight beginning November 3rd 2012. The reduction in the CRR is expected to inject around Rs.17,500 crores of primary liquidity into the banking system.

The RBI expressed concern that the systemic liquidity deficit had been high because of several factors: the wedge between deposit and credit growth, the build-up of Government's cash balances from mid-September and the drainage of liquidity on account of festival-related step-up in currency demand. This high systemic deficit would have had adverse implications for the flow of credit to the productive sectors of the economy as well as for the overall growth of the economy going forward and hence had to be of festival-related step-up in currency addressed through the cut in the CRR

The RBI was concerned on the inflation front as it has trended higher in September 2012, reflecting the partial pass-through of adjustment of diesel and electricity prices, and elevated core inflation. The RBI cautioned that even as the monetary policy stance shifts further towards addressing growth risks, the objective of containing inflation cannot be de-emphasized.

In reducing the CRR, the RBI intended to pre-empt a prospective tightening of liquidity conditions, thereby keeping liquidity comfortable to facilitate a turnaround in credit growth to productive sectors so as to support growth. The policy stance anticipates that the inflation trajectory would rise over the next few months before easing in the last quarter. The baseline scenario does suggest a reasonable likelihood of further policy easing in the fourth quarter of this fiscal year.

In its Macro-economic report, the RBI believed that despite recent measures aimed at lowering the fiscal deficit, there was a risk of fiscal slippage in 2012-13 reinforcing the need for further measures for fiscal consolidation. The announcement of the reform measures in themselves may not ensure recovery as their impact would be felt only on successful implementation. The key to the economic recovery lies in laying out an enabling policy framework and removing structural bottlenecks to speed up infrastructure

The Finance minister (FM) announced the much anticipated fiscal consolidation plan during the month with the fiscal deficit for FY 2013 to be restated to 5.3% as against the budgeted estimate of 5.1% and aiming towards a progressive reduction to 3% by FY 2017. The FM was confident of meeting revenue targets from disinvestment, 2G & tax receipts and effect meaningful cuts in non-plan expenditure while protecting flagship social sector programs aimed at the poor.

A key challenge in meeting the fiscal deficit number is the marked slowdown in economic activity resulting in net direct & indirect tax collection growth lower than the target at 16.3% & 15.6% respectively in the first half of the current fiscal. India's fiscal deficit during the first half came in at 65.6% of the full fiscal year 2012-13 target. Apart from the challenges on the revenue front as a result of a moderating economy there is the added risk of higher slippages on the subsidy front.

In the medium term, the prospect of extra second half borrowing beyond the budgeted number would keep the G-secs under pressure, especially as the policy rate cut is unlikely till the fourth quarter. On the other hand, the possibility of the RBI injecting liquidity through the Open market operations (OMOs) will offer some respite to the G-sec yields.

The 10-year yield G-sec may trade in the range of 8.10-8.30% in the near-term, on the back of increased supply of G-sec due to a heavy auction calendar in November.

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- The fund is managed by Tata AIA Life Insurance Company Ltd. (hereinafter the "Company").
- 2. Past performance is not indicative of future performance. Returns are calculated on an absolute basis for a period of less than (or equal to) a year, with reinvestment of dividends (if any).
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- Whilst every care has been taken in the preparation of this document, it is subject to correction and markets may not perform in a similar fashion based on factors influencing the capital and debt markets; hence this review note does not individually confer any legal rights or duties.

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■ Equity ■ Corporate Bonds ■ Unit Funds ■ Cash Bank & Others