Funds Available With Current Product Offerings

- A Snapshot (as on 31st October 2014)

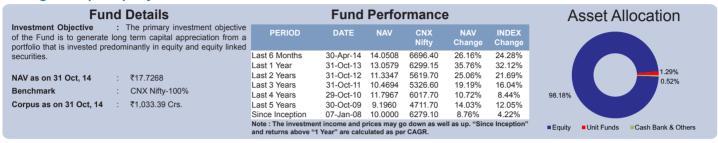
IN THIS POLICY, THE INVESTMENT RISK IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO IS BORNE BY THE POLICYHOLDER.

Investment Report

The month of October 2014 saw the benchmark index BSE Sensex and CNX Nifty gain 4.64% and 4.49% respectively. The Mid-cap index, CNX Mid-cap gained 3.70% during the same period.

Equity Funds

Large Cap Equity Fund (ULIF 017 07/01/08 TLC 110)



Whole Life Mid-Cap Equity Fund (ULIF 009 04/01/07 WLE 110)

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Fund Details	Fund Performance						Asset Allocation			
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate long term capital appreciation from a portfolio that is invested predominantly in Mid Cap Equity and Mid	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	NSE CNX MIDCAP	NAV Change	INDEX Change				
	Last 6 Months	30-Apr-14	18.3133	8783.65	44.44%	34.81%				
	Last 1 Year	31-Oct-13	16.0585	7534.80	64.72%	57.15%				
NAV as on 31 Oct, 14 : ₹26.4512	Last 2 Years	31-Oct-12	14.5770	7763.05	34.71%	23.50%	0.51%			
Benchmark : NSE CNX MIDCAP-100%	Last 3 Years	31-Oct-11	12.8984	7267.15	27.05%	17.67%				
	Last 4 Years	29-Oct-10	15.2196	9360.70	14.82%	6.05%	99.38%			
Corpus as on 31 Oct, 14 : ₹2,001.51 Crs.	Last 5 Years	30-Oct-09	10.9220	6579.80	19.35%	12.47%				
	Since Inception	08-Jan-07	10.0000	5156.45	13.25%	11.22%				
	Note: The investment income and prices may go down as well as up. "Since Inception" and returns above "1 Year" are calculated as per CAGR.						■Equity ■Cash Bank & Others ■Unit Funds			

Super Select Equity Fund (ULIF 035 16/10/09 TSS 110)

Fund Details		Fu	nd Pe	Asset Allocation			
Investment Objective : The primary investment objective of the fund is to provide income distribution over a period of medium to long term while at all times emphasizing the importance	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	CNX India 500 Shariah Index	NAV Change	INDEX Change	
of capital appreciation.	Last 6 Months	30-Apr-14	14.9399	1621.94	32.69%	26.83%	
	Last 1 Year	31-Oct-13	13.6602	1508.66	45.12%	36.35%	
NAV as on 31 Oct, 14 : ₹19.8242	Last 2 Years	31-Oct-12	11.8568	1295.54	29.30%	26.01%	3.43%
Benchmark : CNX India 500 Shariah	Last 3 Years	31-Oct-11	11.2286	1256.78	20.86%	17.85%	
Index - 100%	Last 4 Years	29-Oct-10	12.0903	1408.93	13.16%	9.92%	96.57%
Corpus as on 31 Oct, 14 : ₹866.93 Crs.	Last 5 Years	30-Oct-09	10.0380	1132.92	14.58%	12.67%	
. (000.55 015.				1217.76	14.53%	10.95%	
	Note : The investment returns above "1 \				up. "Since In	ception" and	■ Equity ■ Cash Bank & Others (Non Interest Bearing)

Balanced Funds

Whole Life Agaressive Growth Fund (ULIF 010 04/01/07 WLA 110)

Fund Details			Fund	Perform	Asset Allocation					
Investment Objective of the fund is to maximize the	: The primary investment objective e returns with medium to high risk.	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	NAV Change	INDEX Change		20.06%		
		Last 6 Months	30-Apr-14	18.3417	23.17%	18.35%		11.45%		
		Last 1 Year	31-Oct-13	17.1737	31.55%	24.97%				
NAV as on 31 Oct, 14	: ₹22.5916	Last 2 Years	31-Oct-12	15.5280	20.62%	16.99%		2.10%		
Benchmark	: Nifty - 65%	Last 3 Years	31-Oct-11	14.3471	16.34%	13.48%		0.88%		
Denominark	CRISIL Composite Bond	Last 4 Years	29-Oct-10	15.4002	10.05%	8.29%				
	Index -35%	Last 5 Years	30-Oct-09	12.6020	12.38%	10.45%	65,50%			
		Since Inception	08-Jan-07	10.0000	10.99%	9.02%				
Corpus as on 31 Oct, 14	: ₹417.42 Crs.	Note : The investment and returns above			EquityCorporate BondsCash Bank & Others	Government Securities Unit Funds				

Whole Life Stable Growth Fund (ULIF 011 04/01/07 WLS 110)

Fund Details			Fund	Asset Allocation					
Investment Objective the fund is provide reasonal		The primary investment objective of eturns with low to medium risk.	PERIOD	DATE	NAV	NAV Change	INDEX Change	26.55%	25.22%
			Last 6 Months	30-Apr-14	16.5259	16.74%	14.11%		
NAV as on 31 Oct, 14	:	₹19.2918	Last 1 Year	31-Oct-13	15.6170	23.53%	19.87%		1.93%
Benchmark		Nifty - 40%	Last 2 Years	31-Oct-12	14.3826	15.82%	13.63%		1.53%
20		CRISIL Composite Bond	Last 3 Years	31-Oct-11	13.2022	13.48%	11.66%		
		Index - 60%	Last 4 Years	29-Oct-10	13.4003	9.54%	8.19%		
Corpus as on 31 Oct, 14		₹00.04.0	Last 5 Years	30-Oct-09	11.7500	10.42%	9.30%		44.77%
	•	: ₹89.31 Crs.	Since Inception	08-Jan-07	10.0000	8.77%	8.28%		
			Note : The investme returns above "1 Ye				■Corporate Bonds ■Unit Funds		



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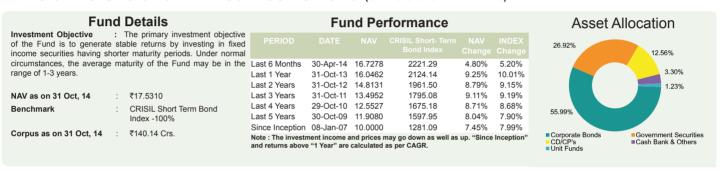
- A Snapshot (as on 31st October 2014)

Fixed Income Funds

Whole Life Income Fund (ULIF 012 04/01/07 WLI 110)

Fund Details Asset Allocation Fund Performance : The primary investment objective Investment Objective of the Fund is to generate income through investing in a range 24.67% of debt and money market instruments of various maturities with a view to maximizing the optimal balance between yield, safety Last 6 Months 30-Apr-14 16.4067 and liquidity. The Fund will have no investments in equity or equity Last 1 Year 3.09% 31-Oct-13 15.7956 1986 44 11 76% 11 71% linked instruments at any point in time 31-Oct-12 14.9077 1893.77 8.82% 8.25% Last 2 Years 2 61% Last 3 Years 31-Oct-11 13.3245 1725.98 9.83% 8.74% NAV as on 31 Oct. 14 ₹17.6535 29-Oct-10 12.4847 Last 4 Years 1630.21 9.05% 8.01% CRISIL Composite Bond Index -100% Benchmark Last 5 Years 30-Oct-09 11 8230 1548 15 8 35% 7 47% 69 63% Since Inception 08-Jan-07 10,0000 1298.79 7.54% 7.09% ■ Government Securities Corporate Bonds Corpus as on 31 Oct, 14 ₹241.95 Crs Cash Bank & Others ■Unit Funds

Whole Life Short Term Fixed Income Fund (ULIF 013 04/01/07 WLF 110)



Equity Outlook

The month of October 2014 saw the benchmark index BSE Sensex and CNX Nifty gain 4.64% and 4.49% respectively. The Mid-cap index, CNX Mid-cap gained 3.70% during the same period.

FIIs were net buyers with inflows of around USD 0.12 bn in the month of October 2014 and the DIIs were net buyers to the tune of around USD 0.67 bn, with insurance companies' net sellers of around USD 0.15 bn and domestic mutual funds, net buyers to the extent of around USD 0.82 bn over the same period. In the first ten months of the calendar year 2014, the FIIs had been net buyers to the tune of USD 13.8 bn with the DIIs net sellers to the tune of USD 4.9 bn, insurance companies' net sellers to the tune of USD 7.2 bn and mutual funds buying Indian equities to the tune of USD 2.3 bn.

The second quarter FY 2015 earnings season has been largely disappointing thus far, with the IT Services companies unable to meet elevated market expectations. The asset quality concerns have continued to weigh down the NBFCs and PSU banks even as some of large private sector banks have reported acceleration in corporate lending. The government has helped revive the business sentiment and instill confidence in Corporate India as growth seems to be bottoming out and the economy seems poised for a gradual recovery. Given this backdrop, earning estimates for the next fiscal year are beginning to see upward revisions even as those for the current fiscal remain muted. The sharp correction in global commodity price can be a tailwind to corporate earnings.

The month of October 2014 saw the government pursue the reforms agenda in right earnest as it announced key policy measures like deregulation of diesel price, hike in natural gas price, ordinance on coal block auctioning and easing of FDI norms in the Construction sector.

There are some early signs of an uptick in the economic activity as companies received about ₹670bn worth of fresh orders in Q2 FY 2015, up 45 % on a quarter-on-quarter basis, the highest in the past four quarters. The momentum has continued into the month of October led by the capital goods companies followed by construction and infrastructure firms.

The NHAI has lined up a robust pipeline of road projects to be bid over the next 2-3 months totaling around 4000 km projects in sharp contrast to tepid award activity of just 1,000 kms over FY2012-13. The large quantum of awards on offer and rational bidding expected by developers could help sustain this sector.

Public sector banks continue to be under pressure to raise capital levels. The finance ministry has initiated an exercise to cut government stake in public sector banks to 52% and enable them to raise fresh capital to meet their growth requirements.

Foreign direct investment (FDI) regulation in construction has been eased to make the sector more attractive for overseas investors. The minimum built-up area requirement for FDI in construction projects has been reduced from 50,000 sqm to 20,000 sqm. The Government has also halved the minimum capital requirement for such projects from USD 10mn to USD 5mn. Projects that commit at least 30% of the total project cost toward low-cost affordable housing will be exempted from the minimum built-up area and capitalization requirements.

The Union Cabinet had recommended promulgation of an ordinance to the President to resolve the pending issues arising out of the SC judgment quashing allocation of coal blocks. It allows e-auction of coal blocks to the private users in cement, steel and power and allocation of coal blocks to PSUs which is expected to be completed in 3-4 months for the 74 operational or near operational blocks. The government plans to introduce a bill in the winter session of Parliament as a follow-up to the ordinance that facilitates the sale and allows the coal sector to be opened up.



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Indian equity markets have been the recipients of robust FII flows of USD 13.8 billion over the calendar year 2014, thus far. The global investors would be keenly watching the policy initiatives of the new government as well as the passage of key legislation in the winter session of parliament. We believe that the equity markets continue to offer comfort of reasonable valuations for a long-term investor with a 3-5 year view.

Debt Outlook

Debt market in the month of October 2014 saw the 10 year Government security (G-sec) close the month at 8.28% levels, easing by 24 bps from the September levels. On the corporate bond side, the 10 year AAA corporate bonds closed the month at around 8.81% levels.

The FIIs continued to be buyers of Indian debt to the tune of USD 2.7 bn over the month of October and the cumulative FII inflows in the Indian debt stood at around USD 22.3 bn in the first ten months of the calendar year 2014.

The easing of G-sec yields in October 2014 was due to a confluence of positive factors such as falling global crude oil prices, a slew of reforms from the government such as diesel deregulation, a significantly lower CPI inflation print in September, as well as some measures from the government signaling spending cuts in order to meet the fiscal deficit target.

India's fiscal deficit for the six month period, April-September 2014 was at an elevated 83% of the budgeted target for the entire fiscal year on account of very slow tax collections. Central government expenditure grew at 6.5%yoy during April-September 2014, well within the budgeted of 15%yoy for the full year. While the expenditure seems well contained, the concern stems from an anaemic tax collection as the central government's gross tax collections grew 7%yoy during April-September 2014, below the ambitious budget estimate of 19% yoy. Direct tax collection grew at 8% in the first six months as corporate tax collections and income tax collections remained lacklustre. Indirect tax collections grew by a modest 2% yoy during the first six months on account of a moderating economic activity. The net tax collection was up only 5% yoy for the period April-September 2014 as compared to the budgeted growth of 20% yoy.

In a bid to rein in the deficit, the government announced a 10% reduction in non-plan expenditure, excluding obligatory spending such as debt servicing, salaries, pension & grants. This is a reflection of the intent of the government to deliver the 4.1% budgeted fiscal deficit in the current fiscal.

The minutes of meeting of the RBI's Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) on monetary policy, held on September 24th indicated that four of the seven external members on the committee recommended that the policy repo rate be reduced as real policy rate has become positive with the decline in headline CPI inflation. This has led to some market watchers opining that rate easing might not be as distant on the horizon as was earlier expected. Most market experts believe that the RBI's commentary and guidance may turn dovish at the December monetary policy review itself even though the RBI may not nudge the repo rate lower unless there is clarity on its inflation targeting framework from the government.

The fixed income markets have been in a sweet spot in the month of October on the back of favourable macro situation, falling global commodity prices, credible fiscal policy action and benign liquidity conditions. Strong foreign portfolio investor's flows in the Indian debt market further enabled easing in yields. Given the Gsec limits to FII's are almost fully utilized, RBI might allow FIIs to continue their G-sec purchases by expanding the limit, albeit modestly. The RBI's commentary in its Bi-monthly policy review on 2nd December will shape the trajectory of the fixed income market in the medium term.

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